

The logo for Field and Clays.com features the word "Field" in a green, textured font, "and" in a smaller orange font, and "Clays.com" in a yellow-to-orange gradient font. The text is set against a background of a field with tall grass and a blue sky with birds. A dog is visible in the lower left, and a target is shown flying through the air in the upper right.

Field and Clays.com

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All about Trap Shooting, Skeet Shooting, Sporting Clays and the Shooting Sports

Trap Shooting official events and rules are governed by the Amateur Trap Shooting Association (ATA). The ATA is generally considered the governing body of American trapshooting. Another governing body is the Pacific International Trap Shooting Association (PITA) which is active mainly in the western U.S. PITA rules are nearly identical to ATA rules. Trapshooting is conducted in rounds of 25 or 50 per Trap Field from 5 different stations. Typical trap shooting events consist of 100 or 200 targets.

Skeet Shooting is in part meant to simulate the action of bird hunting and is governed by National Skeet Shooting Association (NSSA). The shooter shoots from 7 positions on a semi-circle, and an 8th position halfway between stations 1 and 7. There are two houses that hold devices known as "traps" that launch the targets, one at each corner of the semi-circle. The traps launch the targets to a point 15 feet above ground and 18 feet outside of station 8. One trap launches targets from 10 feet above the ground ("high" house) and the other launches it from 3 feet above ground ("low" house).

Sporting Clays is often described as *golf with a shotgun*, the sport differs from skeet shooting and trap shooting in that it involves shooting clays at various locations which are launched at different velocities and angles. Governed by National Sporting Clays Association (NSCA).